

Real Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

Avoid All Substitutes

BRIDGEPORT AS IT WAS

100-50-20-YEARS AGO

(Taken from the Files of The Evening Farmer)

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO

A CONQUERED COUNTRY.

The following extract of a letter from a distinguished Frenchman, who formerly spent some years in the United States, and was long considered as one of the ablest of the republican party in France, but has lately been an advocate for limited monarchy, as more congenial to the manners and habits of his countrymen:

"Paris, July 23, 1815. That monarchy of mind, which exists in France, can never be subdued by foreign force. Napoleon was not the choice of his party, nor is Louis; and no crown will sit on any head which has not its approbation."

"How long France shall now rest, depends on events over which the people will have no control. France is now literally a conquered country; or at least it appears so. Foreign troops occupy the capital and all the strongholds. The army of France is tented on the banks of the Loire! The Congress at Vienna have adjourned to Paris—and the people have no deputies there."

"In America you may imagine all is calm here—while the French are paying foreign troops here and also the expenses of this war. The French are now literally a conquered country; or at least it appears so. Foreign troops occupy the capital and all the strongholds. The army of France is tented on the banks of the Loire! The Congress at Vienna have adjourned to Paris—and the people have no deputies there."

DISTANT SERVICE ORDERS.

London, England, Aug. 3, 1815. A messenger arrived from Plymouth on Friday morning at 4 o'clock with the dispatches for General Cordell, commander-in-chief at that garrison, desiring him to place the fifty-third regiment under orders for a distant service. Orders were also sent off on Friday night to Chatham, for the Northumberland of 80 guns, Captain Cook, and the Ceylon, Captain Hamilton, have been also ordered to go to sea. On the arrival of these ships and troops at Plymouth, Bonaparte will be transferred into the Northumberland, and the whole will sail immediately afterwards for St. Helena.

FIFTY YEARS AGO.

R. R. ACCIDENT AT COS COB.

We learn from the New Haven Journal of this morning the particulars of another and serious accident on the N. Y. & N. H. road last evening about 7 o'clock, at a point about one mile and one-quarter this side of Cos Cob bridge.

It appears that a milk train from the Danbury & Norwalk Railroad, running down the bridge, came in collision with a construction train returning with workmen from the bridge. The shock was so great as to wedge the two engines together, to throw several cars of the milk train off the track, and to pile up three platform cars of the construction train one upon the other.

Two passenger cars in the latter train were completely smashed up and of course both engines were badly demolished. One passenger was killed, a passenger from Bethel, named Hurlbert, riding on the engine of the milk train, having come down from curiosity to see the burned bridge. The cause of death was the rupture of an artery in the head. From 15 to 20 persons were injured more or less severely.

Mr. Parsons, a conductor on the Danbury & Norwalk train, was hurt quite severely and taken to Norwalk. Engineer Lyman, of the N. Y. & N. H. R. R., who was on the milk train plowing it down from Norwalk, was also injured in the legs but not seriously. Mr. Willis Mansfield, track superintendent at New Haven, suffered a severely wrenched ankle. Abraham W. Douglas, car reporter of New Haven, was bruised about the legs. John Dorian, a workman living at Stamford, had an arm dislocated.

HURT ON THE RAILROAD.

Among the injured by the railroad accident last evening on the N. Y. & N. H. Railroad, was John Hinkley, foreman of the pile driver, who lives in the Eastern District, and was on the construction train. He was seriously bruised in both legs, leaving injuries of a painful though not serious.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

PRICE OF COAL RAISED.

The retail price of coal has been advanced to \$5 per ton here, 50 cents more than recently. Dealers here have advanced the price, the whole beginning with 25 cents per ton then increasing to 50 cents and finally 90 cents.

END OF JUBILEE.

Madison Hall was aglow last evening with lights and color, the occasion being a parish reception to Rev. Father Ariens, the jubilarian priest. The hall was crowded to overflowing, but everyone was comfortable. The stage was almost hid with palms and a large bust of Pope Leo IX. was prominent among grouped floral pieces. Over the stage was this sign: "Rev. Theodore Ariens, Quinquagenario Jubilari Merito Felicitas Optavit Clerus."

Shortly after 8 o'clock Father Ariens entered the hall, accompanied by Fathers DeBruycker, Van Oppen, Meriden, Albert, of Butler, N. Y., Van Den Noort, of Putnam, Altior, of Holy Springs, Miss., and Carroll, of East Bridgeport. Twenty little tots all dressed in white and wearing golden bands on their hair, marched on the stage as if they had been in drill practice all their lives. There they sang a German jubilee song. Little Louise Eismann next delivered the jubilee greeting. She delivered the jubilee greeting. She brought down the house. The third feature of the program was a violin solo by little Miss May Brady. Miss Marie Harske then stepped forward and made a presentation address to Father Ariens. The address was accompanied by a bouquet of flowers and a large purse.

One of the features of the evening was the reading of the letter sent by two little blind girls in Syracuse to Father Ariens. The letter was printed in the letters of the blind. Another feature of the evening was a song from Adolph Weber of Racine, Wis., president of the German Catholic Central Society of America. The program concluded by the entire audience singing "Gott erwie loben dich," with Father Albert at the piano playing the accompaniment. The reception was in charge of Peter Helms and Jacob Herb, trustees of the church.

The solemn high mass canon episcopate, at St. Joseph's church this forenoon, was the greatest event of the golden jubilee. The officiating priest of the mass were Father Ariens, celebrant; Father DeBruycker, deacon; Father Van Den Noort, sub-deacon; Father McElroy of Ansonia, assistant priest; Fathers O'Brien and Doherty, deacons to the bishop. The following clergymen were present: Revs. Patrick Mulholland, New Haven; A. Van Oppen, Meriden; T. J. Coleman, Fairfield; August, of Holy Springs, Miss.; L. Mayner, Voluntown; J. J. Duggan, Norwalk; Anthony Lammell, New York; J. T. Winters, South Norwalk; A. A. Natale, South Norwalk; C. T. McManis, Keon, New Haven; T. J. Freese, Danville; Thomas Conney, Groveland; E. P. O'Keefe, Jewett City; Joseph F. Hanselman, Holy Cross College, Worcester; C. T. McManis, Plainville; J. H. Fitzmaurice, Dayville; T. P. Shilley, Kensington; W. J. McGurk, Hartford; Timothy M. Crowley, Bridgeport; J. F. Corcoran, New Haven; T. J. Finn, Derby; M. J. O'Connor, New Haven; Luke Fitzsimmons, New Hartford; James B. Nihil, Bridgeport; Patrick Fox, Newtown; William J. Blake, D. J. Hurley, C. A. Ledy, this city; Dominico Splinter, O. P. New York; William H. Redding, Unionville; T. J. Dunn, Williamsville; Benjamin Berto, this city; Philip J. Waldman, O. S. F. Winsted; J. J. Curtin, New Milford; John Synnot, Taftville; W. J. Doonan, Southington; John H. Russell, New Haven; John H. Carroll, Westport and D. J. Cremin of this city. At the conclusion of the mass Rt. Rev. Bishop Michael Tierney delivered a stirring eulogy on the character and works of Father Ariens.

FELL DOWN THE ELEVATOR.

Willie Gritman, aged 14, who works for the Marigold Printing Co., fell down their elevator shaft this after-

noon, a distance of 10 feet, and received an incised wound on the head and a contusion of the left leg. He was working on the ground floor and was moving boxes into the cellar by way of the elevator. In the room where he was engaged it was quite dark and he did not notice that the elevator platform had run down to the cellar. He was pulling a box toward the elevator shaft when he backed into the opening and fell to the cellar floor head first. His wounds were dressed at the Emergency hospital.

THEIR TRUNK DECORATED.
The trunk of Julian Sterling, Jr., and bride attracted considerable attention at the depot this afternoon. Some well-wisher had put on the top of the lid a placard in large letters which read: "Bride and Groom," while another had tied a bunch of white ribbons to one of the handles.

OUR GROWING INDUSTRIES.
The new factory which is to be erected at the foot of Seaview avenue, in the East End, will be for the manufacture of roofing paper mostly. A number of Bridgeporters will be interested in the enterprise, among them being Frederick Sailer and Gould Bros. Mr. Sailer has subscribed for \$10,000 of the stock and that he will take more if desired. It is said to be the first time he has ever invested in stock.

The salesroom of the factory will be located on Fairfield avenue, near the Methodist church.

STERLING HOWES.

Miss Harriet Frances, daughter of William T. Howes, was married at high noon today to Julian Sterling, son of Julian H. Sterling, and grandson of the late D. H. Sterling, the late president of the Connecticut National Bank, also grandnephew of the late Sherwood Sterling, who was president of the City National Bank. The ceremony was conducted by the Rev. Edward Grier Fullerton at the residence of the bride's parents, 109 Barnum avenue. The maid of honor was Miss A. Florence Howes, sister of the bride, and the best man was Paul Sterling, brother of the groom. Only members of the family were present. The bridal tour will include Florida and the Atlanta exposition.

READ CO. ISSUES ATTRACTIVE BOOK "AFTER 58 YEARS"

Handsome Souvenir Will Be Prized By Shoppers at Big Store.

The D. M. Read Co. has issued an unusually attractive booklet with a double cover of delectable and many handsomely illustrated pages upon which are told the history of this enterprising department store from the time that it was instituted.

The title page bears a message to the women of this section in general: "Use it for shopping. Treat it as a club or meeting place. It is for your service and pleasure."

The frontispiece bears the likeness of the founder of the store, David M. Read, with the dates of his life, 1830-1893. In this page that follows there is a picture of the first store, which was located where the Bridgeport Public Library building now stands, a double page picture of "The Home of the D. M. Read Co. of Today," smaller pictures of the late C. B. Read, of the late D. F. Read, of the interior of the remodelled store, plans of its various floors, and last but not least, views of the delivery service. Besides this, each page has its small illustration of the style of the year 1857 when the store was established, of the year 1889 when it moved to its present location at Main and Fairfield avenue, and of various attractively arranged articles carried by the store.

"After Fifty-eight Years" is the title of the second part of the book where in the new store is attractively described and a brief account given of what each department contains. The last four pages are taken up with shopping list.

The booklet is an interesting souvenir of the growth of one of the greatest and most up-to-date department stores in this section of the country. It will be greatly prized by every woman who "buys at Reads."

A CHOICE OF MANY STYLES
in women's fashionable, durable boots
\$2.00 and \$2.50
Bronze lace boots with bronze color cloth top \$3.50
Superior grade bronze kid boots \$5.00

Boys' footwear in all sizes and widths
ANATOMIK SHOES

W. K. Mollan
1026 MAIN ST.

COLLARS --- COLLARS --- COLLARS

A Sale That is Sure to Set This Town Talking.

More than 15,000 Perfect Collars in all the Newest Shapes. Scores of Styles in every size for DRESS OR BUSINESS WEAR.

6c EACH 60c A Dozen

REGULAR 25c and 15c GRADES

Four of the Most Celebrated Brands Are in This Sale

EARL and WILSON—SEARLE—NEWELL—CLUETT PEABODY (De Luxe) BRAND

ALL WE SAY — SOME VALUE

WOLFF'S SHIRT SHOPS, Inc.

947 MAIN ST.

The wise man will gladly allow himself to get "COLLARED" at this price.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

ROTH—MECKEL.

A wedding of interest to many in this city was held yesterday at the Congregational church, 56th street and Broadway, New York city at 12 o'clock noon when Mrs. Anna Meckel and Mr. Adolph Roth were married with a double ring service. Miss Frida Showbeck of this city was bridesmaid, and Robert Roth, brother of the groom who is associated with him in the automobile business here, was best man. The bride wore a wisteria colored suit of silk poplin, trimmed with imported gold lace and a picture hat ornamented with a bird of paradise.

In the party also were Miss Elizabeth Roth, sister of the groom, and Charles E. Walters, brother of the bride and several New York friends of the groom who joined the party at the Hotel Wallick where the wedding dinner was served. Later the entire party attended the performance at the Hippodrome. Mr. and Mrs. Roth will stop for a few days at the Hotel Wallick and later they will leave on a wedding trip west stopping at Niagara Falls, Washington, D. C., and Detroit, Mich. They plan to be away about two weeks. They will reside in this city when they return. Both she and her husband have a host of friends who wish them unlimited happiness in their married life.

The girls of the senior class of the Bridgeport High school will entertain the girls of the junior class Friday evening, October 23, at the home of Miss Mary Louise Foster, daughter of Judge and Mrs. Carl Foster, 200 North avenue. Miss Margaret Myers is chairman of the committee of arrangements and a Halloween social is being held in the evening. The girls of the senior class have entertained the under classmen.

HOLLAND—JANNEY.

Announcements have been received in this city of the marriage of Miss Bertha Betts Janney to Mr. Ernest Sumner Holland, which was solemnized on Wednesday at the home of Judge and Mrs. Carl Foster, 200 North avenue. The wedding was a simple but pretty home ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Holland are now enjoying a wedding trip to Atlantic City, N. J., Albany, N. Y., and Boston, Mass. They will be at home to their friends after two weeks at 503 West 194th street, New York city. Mr. and Mrs. Janney formerly lived in this city where Miss Janney attended the local High school. Her education was completed abroad. Mr. Janney was an executive of the Leocomobile Co. while in this city. The family moved to Glen Ridge, N. J., about April, 1908. Mr. Janney is a noted inventor. His device for moving heavy cars by means of a small engine on a battleship has been adopted by both the Russian and Japanese governments and is being used in the present war. Mrs. Holland has many intimate friends in this city.

HODGKINS—PERKINS.

Invitations were issued yesterday for the wedding of Albert A. Hodgkins of 768 Park avenue, this city, to Miss Eva Clark Perkins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Perkins of Whalley avenue, New Haven, which will be solemnized on Wednesday evening, November 10, in New Haven. Rev. Theodore Fischer will perform the ceremony at 7:30 which will be followed by a reception from 8 until 10 o'clock. Mr. Hodgkins is with the firm of A. & E. Henkels of this city.

CARTER—JEPSON.

Miss Lillian Isabelle Jepson, who, during her residence in this city as a student at the Connecticut Froebel Normal Kindergarten Training school, made a host of friends here, and Mr. Dwight Herriek Carter, son of Rev. and Mrs. Charles F. Carter, of Hartford, were married at 6:30 last even-

LANGUAGE PROBLEM

IN PHILIPPINES IS NOT FOR ESPERANTO

English Bound Soon To Supplant Fifty Native Tongues of the Archipelago.

Mohonk Lake, N. Y., Oct. 22.—"The Language Problem in the Philippines" was one of the subjects of discussion at today's session of the Lake Mohonk Conference on the Indian and Other Dependent Peoples.

Dr. C. Everett Conant, professor of Modern Languages in the University of Chattanooga, who was formerly a government translator and interpreter at Manila, said:

"There are more than 50 native languages of the Malay-Polynesian family spoken in the islands. The majority of these languages are so different from one another as to be mutually unintelligible. There is besides an indefinitely large number of local dialect varieties of speech, many of which are rapidly becoming extinct owing to increasing intertribal intercourse."

"Fully 90 per cent of the Philippine Malays still speak their native tongue in the home. The language situation is therefore a real problem. A common medium of speech is essential for the social, commercial and political unification of the polyglot peoples of the islands. Before American occupation the Spanish language served only to a limited extent as a common language, as only a comparatively small number of the population had the opportunity to learn it."

"In recent years there has been much talk of adopting Tagalog, the language of Manila and the surrounding country, as the common language of the islands. But very few of the millions of non-Tagalogs are in favor of the movement, for although Tagalog is the speech of the capital, it is spoken by less than one-half as many people as speak Bisaya (Visayan)."

"The adoption of an artificial language, like Esperanto, while advocated by few, has never been seriously considered by the people as a whole. The introduction of the English into the American public school, the problem of a common medium of speech has rapidly been approaching solution. While most of the school children speak their native languages in the home, they use English in conversing with children whose native language differs from their own. Thus, while the indigenous vernaculars will live for many generations—perhaps for centuries—English is destined to become in the near future the lingua franca of the entire archipelago."

JEWIS IN RUSSIA.

Russia has the largest Jewish population of any country in the world. Although their lot has not always been an enviable one under the rule of the Tsars, the great war has found them loyal citizens of their northern fatherland willing and anxious to contribute their sacrifices to the success of its cause. According to private letters and dispatches from Russia, many Jews have come forward to enlist; they have opened and equipped hospitals for the soldiers, and displayed an eagerness to aid with their goods and their labor. The warmth of their patriotism has been a surprise in Moscow. The position of the Jewish subjects of the Tsar, as it was before the war, is told in a bulletin just prepared by the National Geographic Society. It reads as follows:

"More than one-half of the world's total Jewish population, numbering about 5,500,000, dwells within the Russian Empire. The total number of Jews in the world numbers about 13,000,000. The United States and Austro-Hungary, each with more

than 2,000,000; Germany with 600,000, and the British Empire with 800,000, are the other important homelands of this scattered nation.

Russia, however, today might be looked upon as the true fatherland of the Jewish people, as the great body of them live there. This comes primarily from the cause that the Slavs, more especially the Russian Slavs, have always been the most tolerant of peoples in matters of religion and race. The Russian Church, properly speaking, is not a missionary church. That a Russian should be a member of the Russian branch of the Eastern Orthodox Church, is regarded almost as a law of nature in Moscow, while the Russian feels that it is just as natural and fitting that a Tartar should be a Mohammedan, and that a Jew should follow the Moslem creed.

"It is true that most of the Jews were originally Polish subjects, and it is said, that colonies of them lived in the basin of the Volga and the Crimea 500 years before the birth of Christ. Through the years of their bitter persecution, the rule of the Poles over the Jews was a light and amiable one, and many hundreds of thousands of them passed to this country. Thus, with Poland, Russia acquired the greater part of her Jewish subjects."

"The Jews of the Jewish subjects are confined, by law, to a definite part of the empire, known as the Jewish Pale of Settlement. This is an irregular belt of territory, extending from the Baltic to the Black Sea. The Pale includes Poland, Lithuania, White Russia, part of Little Russia, and regions in the Caucasus. A belt of land about 30 miles wide along the international boundary is also exempt. The Pale proper, wherein nearly all of the Russian Jews dwell, comprises the entire territory of Russian Poland, and the government of Kovno, Vilna, Minsk, Mohilev, Volhynia, Grodno, Minsk, Chernigov, Poltava, Kiev, Polotsk, Bessarabia, Kherson, Ekaterinoslav, and Taurida. Kovno, Minsk, Mohilev and Volhynia are the most thickly settled by Jews, who, in these governments, constitute about two-thirds of the entire population. Some Jews were settled as agriculturists upon the southern Steppes, and, despite the strict law, wealthy members of the nation are found in business in Petrograd and Moscow. All disabilities which attach to Jewish birth in Russia, fall away with the conversion of one of the race to Orthodoxy, but, nevertheless, such conversions seldom take place. This curtailment of the freedom of the Jewish subjects is not a matter of religious persecution, but rather an expression of the Russian's dread of the superior business ability of the Jew."

"There are, however, certain classes of Jews allowed by the law to dwell without the pale. These are students in educational institutions, merchants of the first guild, professional persons and skilled artisans, and such as have served 25 years in the army. Members of these classes, nevertheless, must obtain special permission to enjoy their rights under the law. No Jew is eligible to government office, unless he becoming a convert to Orthodoxy."

"The Jews are taxed more highly than other citizens of Russia. Their citizenship is of a qualified kind, for the law states that Jews are aliens, whose social rights are regulated by special ordinances. Taxes on 'kosher' meat, on candles for use in the synagogues, on skull caps, legacy taxes and special taxes upon their business are taken by the state. There are a host of other special regulations. The Russian Jews, on their side, are organized for their protection with headquarters at Warsaw. In spite of difficulties, however, the Jews of Russia take a prominent part in the country's commerce, and exercise a powerful influence of wealth."

Up to Oct. 18, subscribers to the third German war loan had paid into the Treasury \$2,067,250,000. This is 63 per cent of the total.

Overcome by smoke while fighting a fire, Chief George W. Wallis of Saginaw, Mich., died in a hospital of the effects of the fumes.

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